

B27007

**MEDICAID/MEANS-TESTED PUBLIC COVERAGE BY SEX BY AGE**  
**Universe: Civilian noninstitutionalized population**  
**2011 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates**

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Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Data and Documentation](#) section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Methodology](#) section.

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	699,272	+/-1,868
Male:	353,412	+/-2,409
Under 6 years:	33,525	+/-1,292
With Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	12,844	+/-1,545
No Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	20,681	+/-1,764
6 to 17 years:	62,160	+/-1,391
With Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	19,609	+/-2,297
No Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	42,551	+/-2,380
18 to 24 years:	36,558	+/-1,332
With Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	3,942	+/-940
No Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	32,616	+/-1,519
25 to 34 years:	49,026	+/-1,853
With Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	3,207	+/-795
No Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	45,819	+/-2,031
35 to 44 years:	43,468	+/-1,474
With Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	2,271	+/-729
No Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	41,197	+/-1,723
45 to 54 years:	53,827	+/-1,388
With Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	3,220	+/-897
No Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	50,607	+/-1,596
55 to 64 years:	47,108	+/-810
With Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	3,194	+/-703
No Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	43,914	+/-972
65 to 74 years:	18,879	+/-724
With Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	3,287	+/-957
No Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	15,592	+/-1,143
75 years and over:	8,861	+/-529
With Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	1,524	+/-426
No Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	7,337	+/-594
Female:	345,860	+/-1,555
Under 6 years:	30,868	+/-1,199
With Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	13,799	+/-1,581
No Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	17,069	+/-1,314
6 to 17 years:	61,155	+/-1,241
With Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	19,179	+/-1,927
No Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	41,976	+/-2,275
18 to 24 years:	33,476	+/-1,036
With Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	6,778	+/-1,212
No Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	26,698	+/-1,407
25 to 34 years:	49,697	+/-1,598
With Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	5,914	+/-1,244
No Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	43,783	+/-1,863
35 to 44 years:	45,740	+/-1,542
With Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	4,672	+/-1,080
No Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	41,068	+/-1,584
45 to 54 years:	52,364	+/-1,319
With Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	3,822	+/-906
No Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	48,542	+/-1,601
55 to 64 years:	43,316	+/-783
With Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	2,610	+/-678
No Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	40,706	+/-907
65 to 74 years:	18,371	+/-919
With Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	2,878	+/-566
No Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	15,493	+/-993
75 years and over:	10,873	+/-414
With Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	2,664	+/-511
No Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	8,209	+/-621

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2011 American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The health insurance coverage category names were modified in 2010. See [ACS Health Insurance Definitions](#) for a list of the insurance type definitions.

While the 2011 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.